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CHILDREN'S BUREAU

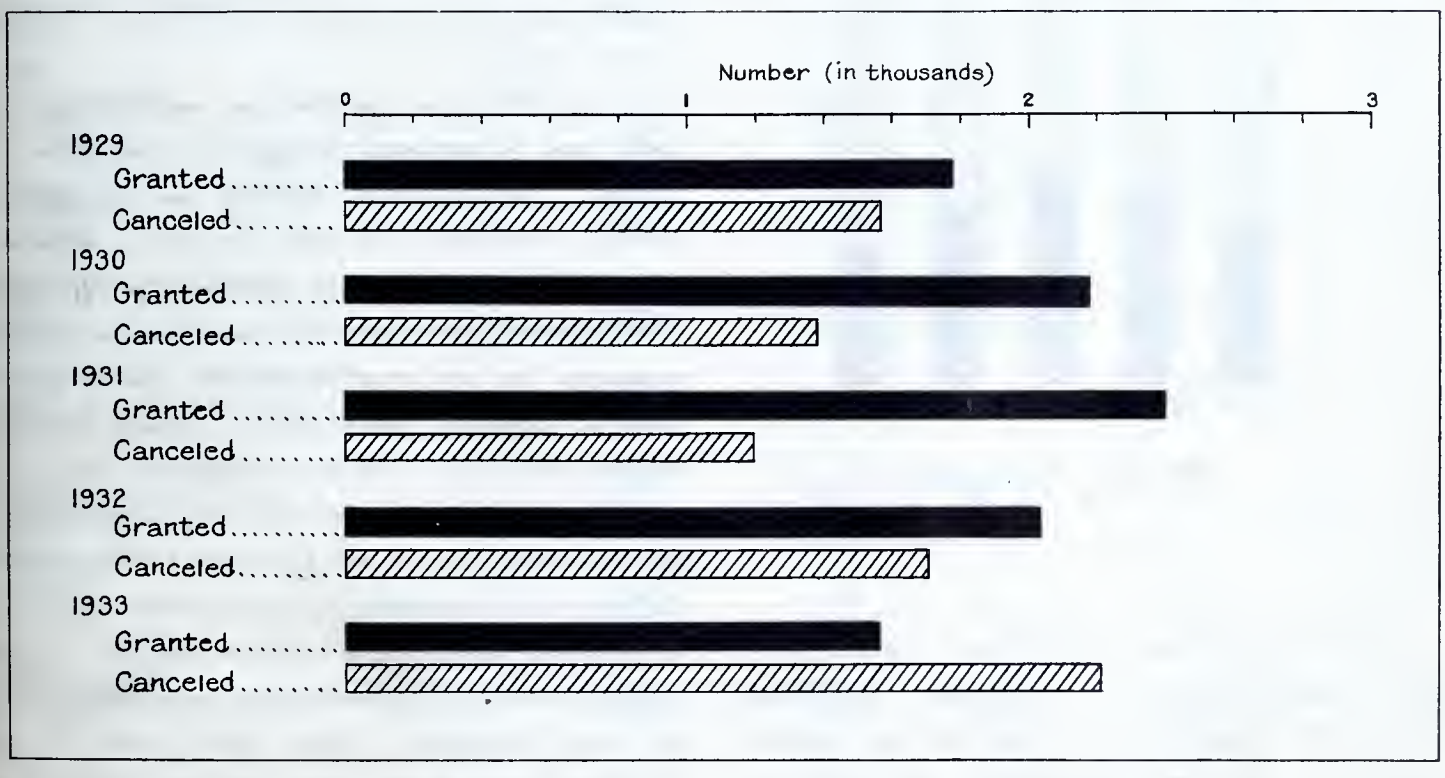
MONTHLY BULLETIN ON SOCIAL STATISTICS

Mothers' Aid Allowances

Institutional and Foster-Home Care of Dependent and Neglected Children

April Changes in Relief Expenditures and Cases

Chart 1.--Number of mothers' aid allowances granted and number canceled in 17 urban areas, 1929-33



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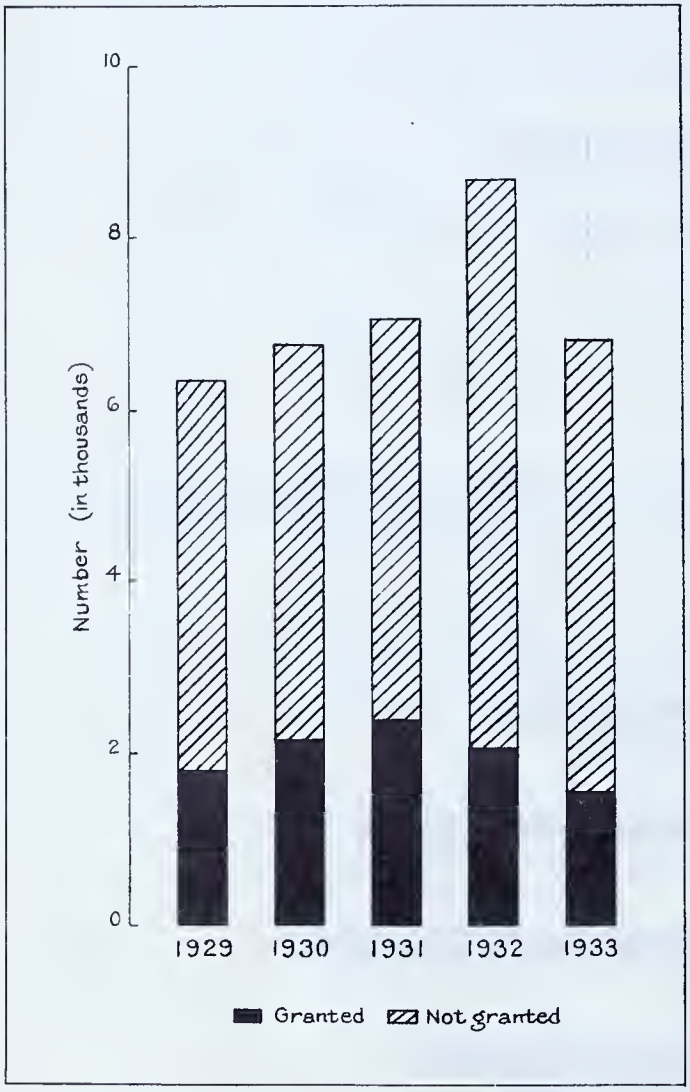
MOTHERS' AID ALLOWANCES

A marked drop between 1932 and 1933 in the number of applications for mothers' aid allowances was reported in the urban areas included in the Bureau's project for the registration of social statistics. Fewer allowances were granted in these areas in 1933, and the number canceled increased.

Chart 2.--Applications for mothers' aid allowances in 17 urban areas, 1929-33



As is shown in chart 2 for certain areas forwarding comparable reports since 1929, the trend in the number of applications received was upward through 1932. Between 1929 and 1932 the number increased 37 percent. The decrease between 1932 and 1933 amounted to about 21 percent.

The detail presented in table 1 for these and other registration areas forwarding reports during 1932 and 1933 shows that the reduction in total applications in 1933 was due to a large extent to the termination of all intake in Chicago and the much smaller number of applications received in Detroit and Milwaukee. Marked decreases were reported also in Hartford, New Haven, Sioux City, Duluth, Kansas City (Mo.), Omaha, and Dayton. In Minneapolis, Buffalo, Syracuse, and Richmond, however, the number of applications increased rapidly in 1933.

The proportion of the applications that resulted in the granting of an allowance varied widely in the reporting areas, partly because of differences in the inclusion of obviously ineligible applications in the count of applications and partly because of differences in local policies with reference to the granting of mothers' aid to families eligible for such assistance under the State law.

In 1929 about 28 percent of the applications received in the registration areas were granted. The proportion rose to 32 percent in 1930 and to 34 percent in 1931.

In 1932 fewer applications were granted, but there was a continued increase in the number received. The proportion granted was only about one fourth of the total. In 1933 there was a decrease in the number of applications received as well as in those granted, the proportion remaining approximately unchanged for the group as a whole. As is shown in table 1, however, the proportion became noticeably smaller in 1933 in a number of areas.

The number of families receiving mothers' aid in the registration areas was increased between 1929 and 1931 by a falling number of cancelations as well as by a rising number of allowances granted. In 1932 more allowances were canceled and fewer granted, but the intake continued to exceed cancelations. In 1933 the number canceled was larger than the number of allowances granted, and the number of cases aided decreased (chart 1). (Continued on page 5.)

Table 1.--Number of families on allowance and applications for allowance during 1932 and 1933, as reported by mothers' aid departments for 32 urban areas

State and urban area	Families on allowance				Applications	
	On allowance at beginning of year	Intake during year	Allowance canceled during year	Percent change between beginning and end of year	Number	Percent granted
Total:						
1932[a]	12,044	3,273	2,554	+6.0	12,805	23.4
1933[a]	12,763	2,431	3,057	-4.9	10,302	21.5
Colorado: Denver:						
1932	201	34	33	+0.5	130	22.3
1933	202	12	41	-14.4	125	8.8
Connecticut:						
Hartford:						
1932	110	48	14	+30.9	120	40.0
1933	144	28	27	+0.7	68	41.2
New Haven:						
1932	170	39	22	+10.0	179	21.8
1933	187	25	33	-4.3	76	32.9
District of Columbia: Washington:						
1932	179	50	48	+1.1	170	25.9
1933	181	61	54	+3.9	163	35.0
Illinois:						
Chicago:						
1932	1,995	34	300	-13.3	813	4.2
1933	1,729	.....	393	-22.7	.....	.....
Springfield:						
1932	50	25	7	+36.0	95	26.3
1933	68	11	49	-55.9	86	12.8
Indiana: Indianapolis:						
1933	21	3	2	(b)	13	(b)
Iowa:						
Des Moines:						
1932	293	28	24	+1.4	(c)	.....
1933	297	10	14	-1.3	(c)	.....
Sioux City:						
1932	143	69	34	+24.5	66	98.5
1933	178	45	27	+10.1	46	(b)
Kentucky: Louisville:						
1932	115	41	27	+12.2	103	39.8
1933	129	42	26	+12.4	99	42.4
Massachusetts: Springfield:						
1932	41	9	8	(b)	39	(b)
1933	42	14	9	(b)	43	(b)
Michigan: Detroit:						
1932	2,254	806	518	+12.8	3,924	17.0
1933	2,542	582	708	-5.0	2,939	16.2
Minnesota:						
Duluth:						
1932	234	83	35	+20.5	222	34.2
1933	282	28	56	-9.9	173	12.7
Minneapolis:						
1932	479	181	81	+20.9	422	37.4
1933	579	192	156	+6.2	519	29.3
St. Paul:						
1932	383	59	53	+1.6	415	14.2
1933	389	64	109	-11.6	359	16.4
Missouri: Kansas City:						
1932	85	64	11	+62.4	192	32.8
1933	138	22	35	-9.4	142	3.5

Table 1.--Number of families on allowance and applications for allowance during 1932 and 1933, as reported by mothers' aid departments for 32 urban areas--Continued

State and urban area	Families on allowance				Applications	
	On allowance at beginning of year	Intake during year	Allowance canceled during year	Percent change between beginning and end of year	Number	Percent granted
Nebraska: Omaha:						
1932	288	132	144	-4.2	267	27.3
1933	276	97	119	-8.0	176	36.9
New York:						
Buffalo:						
1932	569	108	83	+4.4	312	34.6
1933	594	73	118	-7.6	427	17.1
Syracuse:						
1932	99	11	20	-9.1	36	(b)
1933	90	20	18	+2.2	46	(b)
Ohio:						
Akron:						
1932	248	27	30	-1.2	345	7.8
1933	245	53	61	-3.3	324	16.4
Canton:						
1933	214	45	68	-10.7	314	14.3
Cincinnati:						
1932	498	58	63	-1.0	419	13.4
1933	493	52	58	-1.2	416	10.8
Cleveland:						
1932	1,062	182	242	-5.6	730	24.9
1933	1,002	222	158	+6.4	795	27.9
Columbus:						
1933	453	60	58	+0.4	174	36.2
Dayton:						
1932	167	76	27	+29.3	367	20.7
1933	216	29	69	+18.5	288	10.1
Pennsylvania:						
Lancaster:						
1932	50	15	12	+6.0	58	20.7
1933	53	5	15	-18.9	53	9.4
Pittsburgh:						
1932	1,163	553	331	+19.1	1,617	34.2
1933	1,385	201	251	-3.6	1,557	12.9
Sharon:						
1932	48	3	2	(b)	43	(b)
1933	49	1	5	(b)	54	1.9
Wilkes-Barre:						
1932	206	151	68	+40.3	352	33.8
1933	289	128	123	+1.7	365	35.1
Virginia:						
Norfolk:						
1932	.....	4	.....	(b)	4	(b)
1933	4	.....	.....	(b)	.....	.....
Richmond:						
1932	23	.....	3	(b)	13	.....
1933	20	5	3	(b)	20	(b)
Wisconsin: Milwaukee:						
1932	1,184	411	338	+6.2	1,352	30.4
1933	1,257	419	336	+6.6	943	44.4

[a]Excludes 3 areas for which comparable reports for 1932 are not available and 1 area for which reports on applications are not available for 1932 and 1933.
[b]Not computed.
[c]Not reported.

(Continued from page 2.)

In most of the registration areas the number of allowances canceled in 1933 was larger than the number granted, and fewer cases were aided at the end of the year than at the beginning. In certain areas, however, the number of cases aided continued in 1933 the upward trend noticeable in the reports for most areas through 1932.

For 85 areas (including the registration areas) information is available on the number of families receiving mothers' aid each month since January 1929. As was described in the February bulletin, the number of cases aided in these areas increased markedly between 1929 and 1933. Since the early part of 1933 the number has remained relatively unchanged.

INSTITUTIONAL AND FOSTER-HOME CARE OF DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN

Fewer children were under care in institutions during the first 3 months of 1934 than in the corresponding months of preceding years, according to reports forwarded to the Children's Bureau by agencies in the registration areas (chart 3).

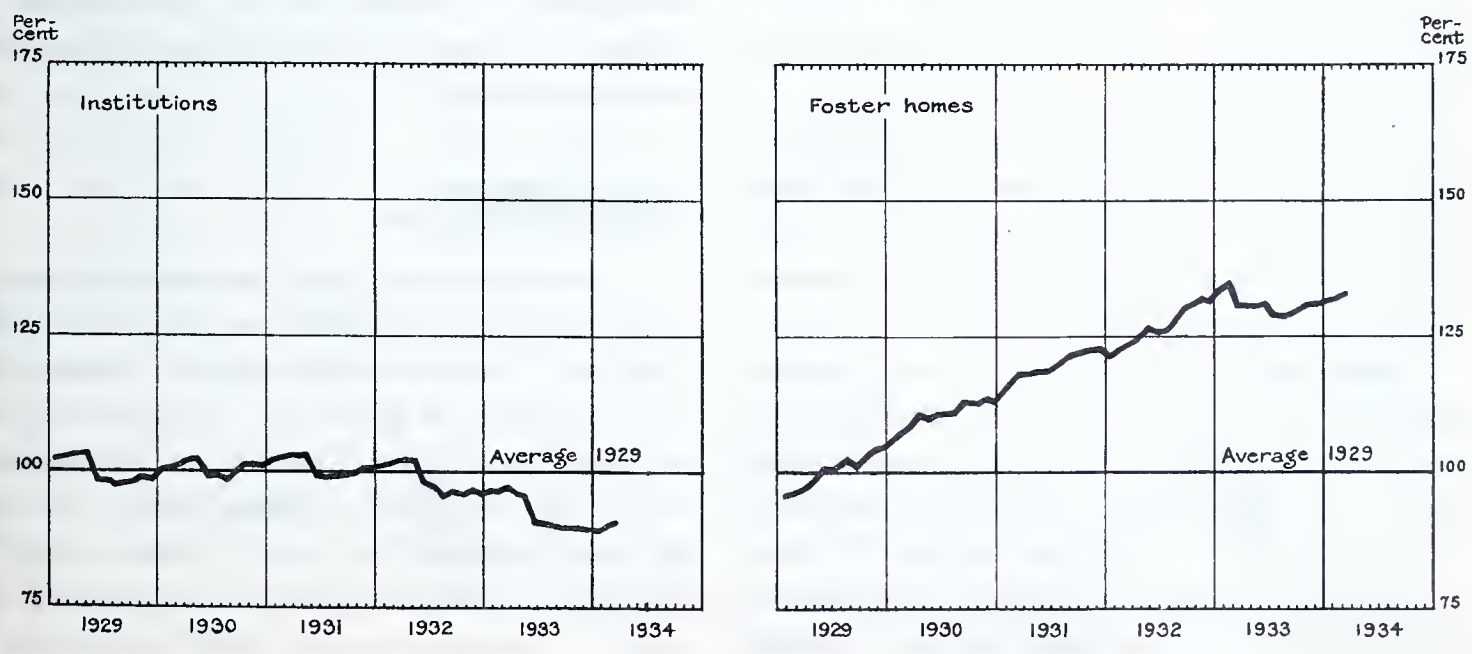
As has been noted in previous bulletins, the number of children in institutions shows a strong tendency to increase in the fall and winter and to decrease in the spring and summer--the periods of seasonal increase and decrease also in various forms of noninstitutional care of dependents.

Until 1932 the number of children in the reporting institutions on the last day of January, February, and March was about 2 percent above the 1929 average. In these months in 1933 the number under care was about 4 percent less than the 1929 average. The continued downward trend brought the number under care in the first 3 months of 1934 to about 10 percent less than the 1929 average. Detail on the changes through 1933 in the various areas will be found in the March bulletin.

In contrast with the reduced volume of institutional care, the number of children in foster homes was much larger in the registration areas in 1934 than in 1929. As was described in the March bulletin, the number increased steadily through February 1933. It dropped in March and remained relatively unchanged during the remainder of the year.

During the first 3 months of 1934 the number of children under care in foster homes was about 32

Chart 3.--Number of dependent and neglected children from 18 cities and city areas under care in institutions and in foster homes on the last day of the month, January 1929-March 1934, as compared with the average in 1929



percent more than in 1929. The number was approximately the same as in January and Fsbruary 1933, but more than was reported in the latter months of 1933. Whether the recent tendency toward increase in institutional and foster-home care is seasonal or the beginning of a continued upward trend will be indicated more clearly when reports for additional months become availabls for study.

APRIL CHANGES IN RELIEF EXPENDITURES AND CASES

Expsnditures for public and private relief in 113 urban areas totaled $44,208,326 in April as compared with $32,994,139 in the preceding month, an increase of 34 percent. The amount expended this year in April was about 18 percent more than in April 1933.

The increass in April was due largely to the resumption of expenditures for work relief following the termination of the Civil Works program. From December through March--the months during which work projects were financed primarily from Civil Works funds and not included in relief reports--the amount expended from relief funds for work relief formed about 3 percent of the total expenditure. Before the establishment of the Civil Works program, and also in April, it formed about 25 percent of the total.

Expenditures for direct relief administered by public agencies decreased slightly (1.5 percent) between March and April. In preceding years there was a much larger rsduction in the expenditurs for such relief from public funds. In 1933 the April expenditure was 10 percent less than in March; in 1932, 6 percent; in 1931, 16 percent; in 1930, 5 percsnt; and in 1929, 12 percent.

Veterans' relief administered by public agencies continued in April the tendency toward increase shown in recent months. Aid for the blind also increased in April. Slight dscreases were reported in mothers' aid and in old-age relief.

Expenditures for direct and work relief administered by private agencies decreased noticeably between March and April, especially the expenditures of nonsectarian family agencies, Jewish agencies, Catholic agencies, and agencies administering veterans' relief. The proportion of the total relief expenditure financed from private funds was about 3 percent in April as compared with over 4 psrcent in the preceding month and 7 percent in April 1933.

Last year in April approximately half of the relief administered by private agencies was financed from public funds; this year, only a negligible amount. The changed administrative policy beginning August 1933 brought a larger increase between April 1933 and April 1934 in relief administered by public agencies, as reported in tabls 3, than in the amount expended from public funds, as reported in table 2.

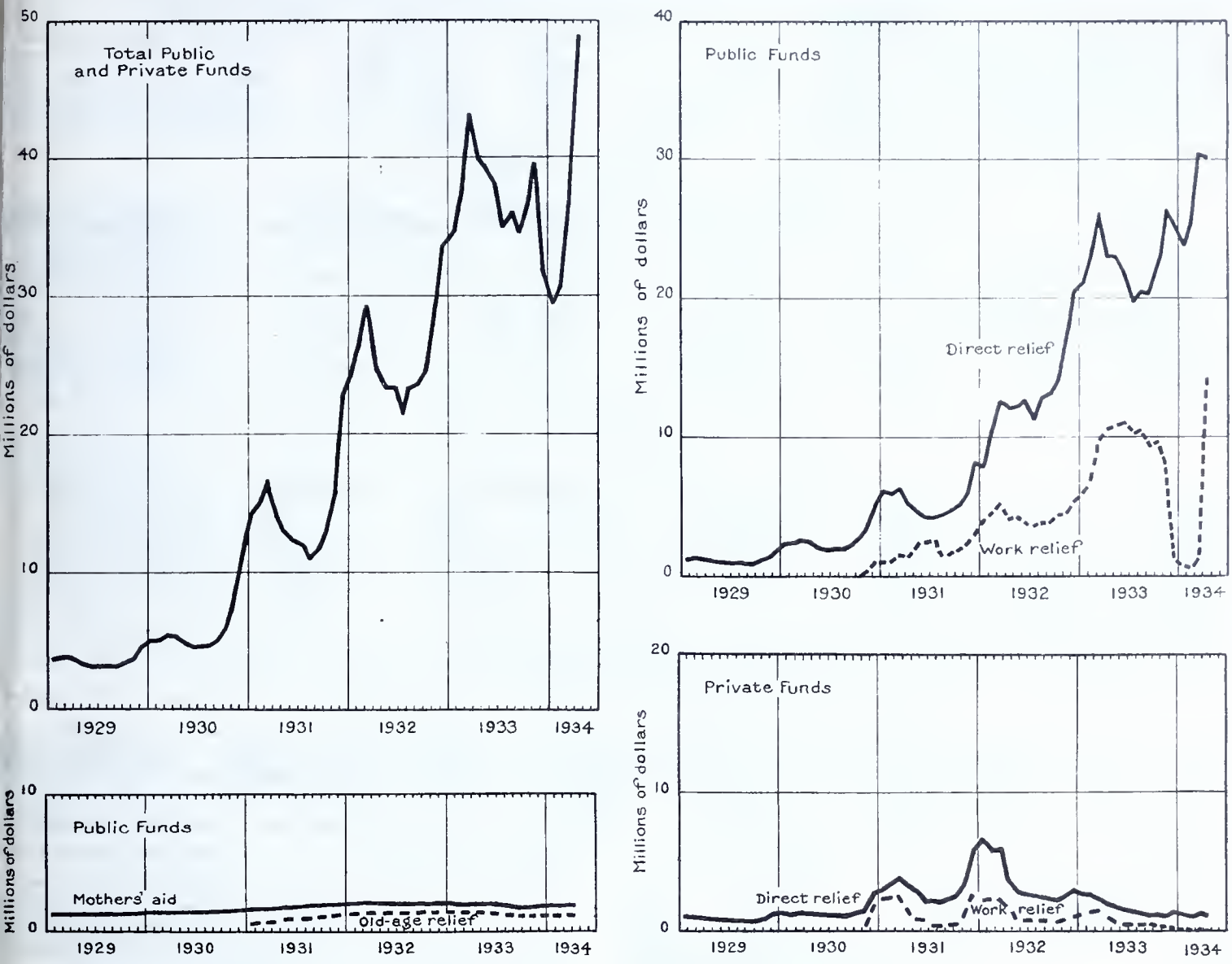
The amount expended by public agencies for direct and work relief increased about 38 percent during this period as compared with an increase of 26 percent in expenditures for such relief from public funds. The rise was approximately the same for general public relief and for work relief. Veterans' relief rose only about 6 percent.

Last summer's administrative policy also caused a larger reduction bstween April 1933 and April 1934 in relief administered by private agencies than in the amount expended from private funds. The amount administered by private agencies decreased about 75 percent; ths amount financed from private funds, about 50 percent.

Families Aided and Average Relief per Case

Between March and April the number of families aided through general relief administered by public agencies increased about 10 percent, although the amount expended for such relief decreased slightly. The number aided through work relief and veterans' relief rose more rapidly between these months than the amount expended. Ths number of families aided by most types of private relief, however, showed a tendency to decrease more rapidly than the expenditure.

Chart 4.--Amount expended from public and from private funds for different types of relief in 120 urban areas, January 1929-April 1934



The average monthly expenditure for the various forms of direct relief financed from public and private funds dropped from $25.56 in March to $22.23 in April. Last year in April the average was $18.28.

Work relief averaged $45.93 per month per case in April 1934 as compared with $37.83 in April 1933. In March 1934, with its comparatively small amount of work relief, the average was $31.03.

Monthly grants for mothers' aid and aid for the blind averaged approximately the same in the 3 months compared. Monthly grants for old-age relief decreased. In April 1933 the expenditure for such relief was $24.19 per case; in March 1934, $22.63; and in April 1934, $22.33.

Changes in Area Totals

In 11 of the 94 urban areas forwarding substantially complete reports in time for tabulation, the amount expended in April was more than twice as large as in March when the Civil Works program was under way. In 13 areas the increase was between 50 and 100 percent; in 19 areas, between 25 and 50 percent. In the following areas, however, there was a decrease of 10 percent or more: Wilmington, Boston, Cambridge, Lawrence, Lynn, Newton, Lancaster, Philadelphia, Knoxville, Memphis, and Richmond. The median change was an increase of 22 percent.

Between April 1933 and April 1934 the following changes in urban totals were reported. In 12 areas

(Continued on page 9.)

Table 2.--Amount expended for relief from public and from private funds during April 1933, March 1934, and April 1934, as reported by 900 agencies for 113 urban areas

Source of funds	April 1933	March 1934	April 1934	Percent change from-- Mar. 1934 to Apr. 1934	Percent change from-- Apr. 1933 to Apr. 1934
	Amount expended				
Total	$37,338,342	$32,994,139	$44,208,326	+34.0	+18.
Public funds	34,711,993	31,552,904	42,906,698	+36.0	+23.
Direct and work relief	31,444,307	28,310,562	39,707,128	+40.3	+26.
Special allowances	3,267,686	3,242,342	3,199,570	-1.3	-2.
Private funds	2,626,349	1,441,235	1,301,628	-9.7	-50.
	Percent distribution				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	.....	.....
Public funds	93.0	95.6	97.1	.....	.....
Direct and work relief	84.2	85.8	89.8	.....	.....
Special allowances	8.8	9.8	7.2	.....	.....
Private funds	7.0	4.4	2.9	.....	.....

Table 3.--Amount expended by public and by private agencies for different types of relief during April 1933 March 1934, and April 1934, as reported by 900 agencies for 113 urban areas

Administrative agency and type of relief	Agencies reporting	Amount expended: April 1933	March 1934	April 1934	Percent change from-- Mar. 1934 to Apr. 1934	Percent change from-- Apr. 193 to Apr. 193
Total	900	$37,338,342	$32,994,139	$44,208,326	+34.0	+18.
Public agencies	455	32,096,435	31,599,985	42,927,309	+35.8	+33.
Direct relief:						
General relief	164	18,672,803	26,422,282	26,024,551	-1.5	+39.
Veterans' relief	41	1,081,880	1,105,514	1,143,249	+3.4	+5.
Work relief	70	9,074,066	829,847	12,559,939	+1413.5	+38.
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid	91	1,846,884	1,874,605	1,835,770	-2.1	-0.
Old-age relief	36	1,256,233	1,202,703	1,194,942	-0.6	-4.
Aid for the blind	53	164,569	165,034	168,858	+2.3	+2.
Private agencies	445	5,241,907	1,394,154	1,281,017	-8.1	-75.
Direct relief:						
General relief by--						
Nonsectarian agencies	116	2,388,962	706,025	644,378	-8.7	-73.
Jewish agencies	57	407,612	252,051	221,693	-12.0	-45.
Catholic agencies	46	476,123	135,787	123,455	-9.1	-74.
Salvation Army	60	102,671	54,471	52,634	-3.4	-48.
Other private agencies	79	404,206	134,481	134,252	-0.2	-66.
Veterans' relief	65	105,520	26,078	22,596	-13.4	-78.
Work relief	22	1,356,813	85,261	82,009	-3.8	-94.

Table 4.--Number of cases of families and nonfamily persons aided by public and by private agencies through different types of relief, and average monthly relief per case during April 1933, March 1934, and April 1934, as reported by 735 agencies for 113 urban areas

Administrative agency and type of relief	Agencies reporting	April 1933	March 1934	April 1934	Percent change from-- Mar. 1934 to Apr. 1934	Percent change from-- Apr. 1933 to Apr. 1934
		Number of cases aided				
Public agencies:						
Direct relief:						
General relief	110	559,206	723,995	799,381	+10.4	+42.9
Veterans' relief	35	40,806	30,479	35,857	+17.6	-12.1
Work relief	30	125,118	5,500	181,175	+3194.1	+44.8
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid	91	47,755	47,685	47,983	+0.6	+0.5
Old-age relief	36	51,936	53,146	53,517	+0.7	+3.0
Aid for the blind	52	6,688	7,150	7,256	+1.5	+8.5
Private agencies:						
Direct relief:						
General relief by--						
Nonsectarian agencies	99	142,932	27,859	25,221	-9.5	-82.4
Jewish agencies	53	14,687	8,395	6,948	-17.2	-52.7
Catholic agencies	40	15,684	10,053	9,444	-6.1	-39.8
Salvation Army	56	12,529	5,284	5,222	-1.2	-58.3
Other private agencies	61	17,065	7,816	7,514	-3.9	-56.0
Veterans' relief	62	12,695	4,179	3,360	-19.6	-73.5
Work relief	10	22,397	3,046	2,685	-11.9	-88.0
		Average monthly relief per case				
Direct relief	516	$18.28	$25.56	$22.23	.....	.....
Work relief	40	37.83	31.03	45.93	.....	.....
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid	91	38.67	39.31	38.26	.....	.....
Old-age relief	36	24.19	22.63	22.33	.....	.....
Aid for the blind	52	23.85	23.08	23.27	.....	.....

(Continued from page 7.)

The expenditure was more than twice as large. In 11 areas the increase was between 50 and 100 percent; in 2 areas between 25 and 50 percent. In 30 areas, however, decreases of 10 percent or more were reported. The median change for the group was an increase of 10 percent.

In 80 areas public funds financed 95 percent or more of the total amount expended in April 1934. In areas the proportion was between 90 and 95 percent and in 5 areas, less than 90 percent. The median was 8 percent.

Expenditures for special allowances formed 25 percent or more of the total expended in 5 areas in April. In 17 areas the proportion was between 10 and 25 percent. The median proportion for the group was percent.

Meals and Lodgings for Homeless and Transient Persons

The number of meals provided to homeless and transient persons in the reporting areas continued to decrease in April. The trend in the number of lodgings provided was slightly upward in April as compared with the preceding month and markedly upward as compared with April 1933.

Between March and April there was a decrease of about 5 percent in the daily average number of meals reported. The number in April was 13 percent less than in April 1933.

The rise in the daily average number of lodgings was 1 percent between March and April of this year, and 14 percent between April 1933 and April 1934. In preceding years the number has decreased in April.

Table 5.--Amount expended for relief during April 1933, March 1934, and April 1934, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 848 agencies for 94 urban areas

[Urban areas included in this table are those for which reports from public and private agencies are believed to be sufficiently complete for use in determining local trends. Figures are preliminary and subject to revision.]

State and city	Territory included	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Apr. 1934 from--			
								Public funds			Private funds
			April 1933	March 1934	April 1934	March 1934 to April 1934	April 1933 to April 1934	Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Alabama:											
Birmingham	County	6	$130,862	$198,163	$292,332	+47.5	+123.4	100	100	.....	(a)
Mobile	County	5	63,722	45,074	65,296	+44.9	+2.5	100	100	.....	.....
California:											
Los Angeles	County	19	2,505,678	1,824,650	2,242,743	+22.9	-10.5	99	88	11	1
Sacramento	County	9	41,465	37,880	36,993	-2.3	-10.8	95	34	60	5
San Diego	County	9	61,062	96,022	129,569	+34.9	+112.2	99	80	19	1
Connecticut:											
Hartford	Area	13	165,235	126,778	128,994	+1.7	-21.9	82	76	7	18
New Britain	City	7	62,941	32,710	38,421	+17.5	-39.0	99	91	9	1
New Haven	Area	16	115,850	90,615	219,652	+142.4	+89.6	95	91	4	5
Delaware:											
Wilmington	County	6	207,338	194,541	93,271	-52.1	-55.0	95	85	9	5
District of Columbia: Washington	City	12	181,517	486,006	692,277	+42.4	+281.4	98	96	2	2
Florida:											
Jacksonville	County	7	68,366	114,773	229,779	+100.2	+236.1	100	98	2	(a)
Miami	City	8	(b)	37,621	105,515	+180.5	(b)	100	96	3	(a)
Georgia: Atlanta	County	7	104,517	299,417	373,814	+24.8	+257.7	99	99	.....	1
Illinois:											
Chicago	County	21	5,486,269	3,604,630	4,562,925	+26.6	-16.8	97	95	2	3
Springfield	Area	6	22,843	16,371	21,315	+30.2	-6.7	99	96	3	1
Indiana:											
Evansville	County	3	94,168	70,764	84,096	+18.8	-10.7	100	99	1	(a)
Fort Wayne	City	11	73,114	62,408	81,024	+29.8	+10.8	96	94	1	4
Indianapolis	Area	11	192,588	188,579	287,849	+52.6	+49.5	97	96	(a)	3
Terre Haute	City	6	18,877	9,089	12,431	+36.8	-34.1	91	82	8	9
Iowa:											
Des Moines	City	12	101,397	110,151	171,738	+55.9	+69.4	99	95	4	1
Sioux City	City	9	58,418	38,170	38,175	(a)	-34.7	98	86	11	2
Kansas:											
Kansas City	County	5	53,573	16,762	82,145	+390.1	+53.3	100	100	.....	.....
Topeka	County	7	52,824	20,444	57,463	+181.1	+8.8	90	88	2	10
Kentucky:											
Louisville	City	10	110,987	66,273	80,961	+22.2	-27.1	78	68	10	22
Louisiana:											
New Orleans	Parish	6	249,176	89,130	529,505	+494.1	+112.5	99	99	(a)	1
Maine: Portland	City	7	39,984	47,004	43,988	-6.4	+10.0	96	93	3	4
Maryland: Baltimore	City	10	658,855	1,270,180	1,284,581	+1.1	+95.0	99	98	1	1
Massachusetts:											
Boston	City	17	1,235,332	1,367,792	1,191,156	-12.9	-3.6	94	77	17	6
Cambridge	City	9	132,401	84,368	74,078	-12.2	-44.1	92	71	22	8
Fall River	City	7	94,795	51,544	50,075	-2.8	-47.2	100	65	34	(a)
Lawrence	City	7	49,541	42,118	36,265	-13.9	-26.8	98	71	27	2
Lowell	City	6	72,761	71,206	69,853	-1.9	-4.0	95	65	30	5
Lynn	City	10	136,817	111,820	98,474	-11.9	-28.0	97	75	22	3
Malden	City	7	40,897	44,169	39,893	-9.7	-2.5	100	91	9	(a)
New Bedford	City	8	106,562	60,377	57,311	-5.1	-46.2	97	65	33	3
Newton	City	10	42,771	32,301	27,021	-16.3	-36.8	96	76	21	4
Springfield	Area	13	280,785	157,142	152,178	-3.2	-45.8	97	86	11	3
Worcester	City	9	258,782	131,847	134,230	+1.8	-48.1	95	77	18	5

Table 5.—Amount expended for relief during April 1933, March 1934, and April 1934, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 848 agencies for 94 urban areas—Continued

State and city	Territory included	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from—		Percent in Apr. 1934 from—			
			April 1933	March 1934	April 1934	March 1934 to April 1934	April 1933 to April 1934	Public funds			Private funds
								Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Michigan:											
Detroit	Area	16	$1,424,738	$970,903	$1,228,506	+26.5	-13.8	99	92	8	1
Pontiac	Area	4	51,699	45,765	42,987	-6.1	-16.9	100	100	.....	(a)
Saginaw	City	5	49,739	42,775	42,353	-1.0	-14.8	98	78	20	2
Minnesota:											
Duluth	City	8	107,501	84,835	98,473	+16.1	-8.4	97	80	17	3
Minneapolis	Area	8	354,006	367,139	389,633	+6.1	+10.1	92	80	12	8
St. Paul	County	12	188,162	239,393	333,811	+39.4	+77.4	97	89	7	3
Missouri:											
Kansas City	City	11	145,082	156,415	226,356	+44.7	+56.0	82	76	5	18
Nebraska: Omaha	County	13	38,178	140,230	197,248	+40.7	+416.7	94	91	2	6
New Jersey:											
Jersey City	City	5	157,217	204,618	205,457	+0.4	+30.7	100	90	10	(a)
Newark	City	11	368,457	468,735	521,544	+11.3	+41.5	99	87	12	1
The Oranges	Area	13	86,493	77,437	105,603	+36.4	+22.1	99	90	9	1
Trenton	City	8	122,581	86,535	82,443	-4.7	-32.7	96	87	9	4
New York:											
Albany	City	13	105,996	48,585	149,647	+208.0	+41.2	98	89	9	2
Buffalo	Area	17	1,351,389	757,670	1,521,892	+100.9	+12.6	99	94	4	1
New Rochelle	City	7	80,291	62,883	96,355	+53.2	+20.0	100	95	4	(a)
New York	City	35	9,899,587	8,669,164	14,953,312	+72.5	+51.0	97	87	9	3
Rochester	City	11	444,299	440,657	645,466	+46.5	+45.3	98	89	9	2
Syracuse	City	11	391,926	224,568	385,691	+71.7	-1.6	99	94	5	1
Utica	City	11	185,416	104,925	151,728	+44.6	-18.2	97	79	18	3
Yonkers	City	8	274,160	119,742	245,283	+104.8	-10.5	99	92	7	1
North Carolina:											
Asheville	City	4	23,448	27,856	32,561	+16.9	+38.9	100	100	(a)	.....
Charlotte	City	7	29,930	35,572	38,153	+7.3	+27.5	100	100	(a)	.....
Greensboro	City	5	26,889	31,109	32,006	+2.9	+19.0	99	98	(a)	1
Ohio:											
Akron	Area	13	161,448	104,644	168,541	+61.1	+4.4	98	94	4	2
Canton	Area	12	58,841	91,964	154,840	+68.4	+163.1	100	94	6	(a)
Cincinnati	County	14	444,482	445,710	601,000	+34.8	+35.2	97	92	4	3
Cleveland	County	9	845,451	865,598	953,152	+10.1	+12.7	97	91	6	3
Dayton	Area	12	179,186	187,096	235,820	+26.0	+31.6	98	94	4	2
Toledo	City	8	208,512	242,593	398,208	+64.1	+91.0	100	97	3	(a)
Oklahoma: Tulsa	County	4	38,382	9,526	73,066	+667.0	+90.4	99	99	.....	1
Oregon: Portland	County	8	431,606	286,971	369,715	+28.8	-14.3	100	98	2	(a)
Pennsylvania:											
Allentown	County	4	104,444	101,093	106,057	+4.9	+1.5	100	95	5	(a)
Altoona	County	7	55,736	65,446	119,560	+82.7	+114.5	100	98	2	(a)
Bethlehem	City	6	36,105	24,289	38,949	+60.4	+7.9	98	91	7	2
Chester	County	11	124,229	132,229	163,809	+23.9	+31.9	99	96	4	1
Lancaster	Area	6	35,524	57,215	44,499	-22.2	+25.3	99	96	3	1
Philadelphia	County	9	1,444,248	1,930,719	1,543,540	-20.1	+6.9	97	93	3	3
Pittsburgh	County	11	1,317,816	1,730,566	1,577,457	-8.8	+19.7	99	95	3	1
Reading	County	7	174,906	143,648	209,347	+45.7	+19.7	99	94	4	1
Scranton	Area	6	81,950	122,084	126,504	+3.6	+54.4	97	97	.....	3
Wilkes-Barre	Area	8	135,604	179,869	173,752	-3.4	+28.1	99	92	7	1
Rhode Island:											
Providence	City	7	239,401	98,950	201,625	+103.8	-15.8	96	92	4	4
South Carolina:											
Charleston	City	6	6,232	10,379	10,508	+1.2	+68.6	87	87	.....	13
Tennessee:											
Knoxville	County	6	43,198	70,438	31,223	-55.7	-27.7	99	99	.....	1
Memphis	County	6	87,877	126,377	67,562	-46.5	-23.1	94	89	5	6
Nashville	County	2	28,327	61,348	62,743	+2.3	+121.5	94	94	.....	6

Table 5.—Amount expended for relief during April 1933, Maroh 1934, and April 1934, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 848 agencies for 94 urban areas--Continued

State and city	Territory included	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Apr. 1934 from--			
			April 1933	Maroh 1934	April 1934	Maroh 1934 to April 1934	April 1933 to April 1934	Public funds			Private funds
								Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Texas:											
Dallas	County	9	$163,482	$85,524	$158,317	+85.1	-3.2	97	96	1	3
Ft. Worth	County	7	58,883	87,148	154,052	+76.8	+161.6	100	100	.....	(a)
Houston	County	8	60,069	78,323	121,855	+55.6	+102.9	99	98	2	1
Utah:											
Salt Lake City	County	6	198,178	180,485	199,588	+10.6	+0.7	97	95	2	3
Virginia: Richmond	Area	4	41,308	61,373	49,384	-19.5	+19.6	85	84	2	15
Washington:											
Seattle	County	6	400,198	265,560	295,132	+11.1	-26.3	99	97	3	1
Wisconsin:											
Kenosha	County	8	98,057	86,048	100,080	+16.3	+2.1	99	91	8	1
Madison	County	6	92,387	90,490	110,116	+21.7	+19.2	100	94	6	(a)
Milwaukee	County	10	798,480	629,824	713,026	+13.2	-10.7	92	79	12	8
Racine	County	8	106,236	118,724	127,474	+7.4	+20.0	99	93	6	1
Median	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	+22.0	+10.1	98	92	6	2

[a] Less than 1 percent.
[b] Not reported.

Table 6.—Number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons during April 1933, Maroh 1934, and April 1934, as reported by 207 agencies for 47 urban areas

Type of service provided	April 1933	Maroh 1934	April 1934	Percent change from—	
				Mar. 1934 to Apr. 1934	Apr. 1933 to Apr. 1934
Meals:					
Number provided	2,206,222	2,705,465	2,501,142	.....	.....
Daily average	73,541	87,273	83,371	-4.5	-13.4
Lodgings:					
Number provided	769,545	898,221	877,631	.....	.....
Daily average	25,652	28,975	29,254	+1.0	+14.0

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